

## Adult Social Care Select Committee 6 March 2014

# Income / Debt Update Report

Purpose of the report: Scrutiny of income and outstanding debts.

### Introduction:

1. This is the second of the six-monthly reports to the Committee on income and debt for ASC. Members will recall that the August report set out a good deal of background on the context for the assessment, billing and collection of charges for Adult Social Care services, longer term trends, and the main outcomes from the recent Rapid Improvement Event as well as incorporating the comments of the 'owners' of the main component elements of the system on the current position, ie Toni Carney (ASC Financial Assessment and Benefits team – benefit maximization and assessment of means / income due ), Jackie Knutton (Shared Service Centre – billing and income collection) and Jacky Edwards (Legal & Democratic Services – legal recovery action) and Paul Carey-Kent (Finance – process owner).

This report updates the position and commentaries without revisiting the background in full. It facilitates comparison with the positions for April (as it was the start of the year) and July (because these were the figures previously reported to the Committee). In addition:

Appendix 1 sets out progress against the Management Action Plan which was agreed following an Internal Audit report into the subsidiary matter of ensuring that appropriate action is taken where, due to payment in advance for service not received, the Council owes money to service users or their representatives / estates. One recommendation from that was that both the net and gross debt position should be reported to this Committee, and that has been incorporated into the tables presented.

Appendix 2 sets out the most up-to-date benchmarking data available to show how debt collection compares with that of other authorities. No areas emerge as having worse-than-average performance, and most are better than that.

### **Current Debt Summary:**

1. The below table summarises the current debt position as at 31 July 2013.

Debt > 1 Month	Note:		Apr-13	Jul-13	Jan-14
£ million					
	1	Secured	7.3	6.87	6.68
	2*	Unsecured (no specific reason identified)	3.06	2.81	2.23
а	2a	Under query	1.24	0.71	0.46
b	2b	Query resolved, requiring adjustment	0.01	0.11	0.03
с	2c	Probate*		0.33	0.29
d	2d	Installments	0.36	0.44	0.33
е	2e	Deferred payment applications	0.35	0.22	0.31
		Charging orders		0.23	
	2f_1	External CoP / Deputyship*			0.34
g	2g*	Total unsecured debt subject to a recovery 'block'	1.96	2.04	1.75
	3	Legal	1.87	1.98	1.91
	4*	ASC Deputyship	0.7	0.90	1.45
		Unsecured debt outstanding	7.59	7.73	7.34
		Total	14.89	14.60	14.02
Charges posted	5	Charges posted in month - not yet due	2.72	2.66	2.90
Total debt	6	Total debt including charges posted in month	17.61	17.26	16.92
	-	Gross debt accounting credit balances	18.22	17.86	17.42
	6a	Total live credit balances	-0.53	-0.53	-0.43
	0a	Total deceased credit balances	-0.33	-0.55	-0.43
			-0.08	-0.07	-0.07
% collected	7	% received of amount billed (12 mth avg)	96%	96%	100%
DD collections	8	% pymts collected by DD	64%	63%	63%
Legal	9	Number of cases referred - in month	1	2	2
Referrals		Total Number - to date	185	193	207
	10	Value of debt at date referred - in month	0.16	0.15	0.04

## Annex A

Current	11	Number of 'open' cases	56	59	65
Legal Cases	12	Current value of 'open' cases	1.96	1.98	1.96
Legal Recovery	13a	Number of cases resulting in recovery	86	89	95
	13b	Value of debt collected	2.48	2.54	2.83
	13c	Value of debt secured by charging order	0.16	0.16	0.18
	13d	Value of debt due by instalments	0.04	0.05	0.02
	13e	Value of debt no longer in dispute	0.44	0.39	0.44
	13f	Overall value of legal recovery action	3.12	3.15	3.47
	13g	Legal costs / expenses (external)	-0.16	-0.19	-0.19
	13h	Net recovery - Legal cases	2.96	2.96	3.28
Write-Offs	14	Number of cases		25	41
	15	Value of debt		0.03	0.1
	*	Unsecured debt not subject to Legal action			
	2*	Unsecured (no specific reason identified)	3.06	2.81	2.23
	2g*	Total unsecured debt subject to a recovery 'block'	1.96	2.04	1.75
	4*	ASC Deputyship	0.7	0.90	1.45
		Total Unsecured debt not subject to Legal action	5.72	5.75	5.43

#### **Explanatory Notes:**

1 Secured Debt: current value of debt secured against property and payable upon a future event

Secured debt: section 55 Deferred Payment Agreement / Legal Charge - payable 56 days after death

Secured debt: section 22 Imposed Legal Charge for failure to pay charges - payable on disposal of property

- 2\* Unsecured debt: value of outstanding debt that is not secured against property
- 2a Unsecured debt: a query / complaint has been raised by the debtor
- 2b Unsecured debt: a query / complaint has been resolved and account requires adjustment
- 2c Unsecured debt: deceased case awaiting grant of probate to resolve
- 2d Unsecured debt: payment of arrears by instalments has been agreed
- 2e Unsecured debt: debtor has applied for a deferred payment agreement
- 2f Unsecured debt: a charging order has been applied to property following litigation
- 2g\* Unsecured debt: Total: where a reason for non-payment is recorded and dunning suspended
- 3 Current value of cases referred to Legal Services for formal recovery action Current value of cases referred to the Deputyship Team to investigate and where possible
- 4\* put appropriate arrangements in place to manage the finances of persons who lack mental capacity
- 5 Total value of care charges raised in the last month. These charges become due after 30 days
- 6 Total value of debt owed to Surrey County Council.
- 7 Debt paid as a proportion of charges raised (NB proportion will be lower than 100% as charges include secured debt)
- 8 Proportion of charges collected by direct debit
- 9 Number of cases referred to Legal Services for recovery IM: in month; YTD: year to date;
   9 TTD: total to date
- 10 Value of cases referred to Legal Services for recovery IM: in month; YTD: year to date; TTD: total to date
- 11 Number of current and 'open' legal cases being pursued
- 12 Value of current and 'open' legal cases being pursued
- 13a Number of Legal cases where debt has been recovered IM: in month; YTD: year to date; TTD: total to date
- 13b Value of debt recovered from Legal cases IM: in month; YTD: year to date; TTD: total to date
- 13c Value of debt secured by charging order / legal charge (Legal cases) TTD: total to date
- 13d Value of debt agreed to be paid by instalments from (Legal cases) TTD: total to date
- 13e Value of debt no longer 'in dispute' and payment awaiting specific event e.g probate / sale of property - TTD: total to date
- 13f Gross value of legal recovery action taken TTD: total to date
- 13g Legal costs / expenses incurred in Legal recovery action (NB net figure ie it takes account of costs recovered) TTD: total to date
- 13h Net value of Legal recovery action
- 14 Number of cases approved for write-off in month
- 15 Aggregate value of write-offs approved in month
- 15a Value of write-offs: debtor bankrupt / insolvent / no means to pay
- 15b Value of write-offs: debtor deceased and insufficient funds in the estate to meet the debt
- 15c Value of write-offs: debtor absconded and cannot be traced
- 15d Value of write-offs: uneconomical to pursue the debt further
- 15e Value of write-offs: evidence is inconclusive and legal recommends write-off
- 15f Value of write-offs: compromise settlement reached; balance to write-off

### 2. Update on the outcomes from the Rapid Improvement Event

The rapid improvement event held in June 2013 looked at the end-to-end process from the initial financial discussion to the collection of the debt. One significant outcome of the RIE was the transfer of responsibility for the 'paying for care conversation' from care practitioners to the Financial Assessment and Benefit [FAB] Advisers. The new process was piloted in September and rolled out county wide from 25 November 2013.

As at 6 February 2014, the FAB Teams had received more than 1,400 referrals. This figure is almost 45% higher than the RIE figures suggested. In part this unexpected volume may be a consequence of the new Surrey Referral and Assessment process [SRA] that was also rolled out in November and has improved the throughput of assessments. We are closely monitoring referral volumes to establish whether the numbers will remain high in the longer term and determine whether to streamline the process or consider the level of resources in FAB.

It is too soon to fully determine the success of the new process. However, the indications are extremely positive and the following paragraphs show the progress to date against the desired outcomes from the review of the front end of the process.

### 3. RIE desired outcomes

# i. A clear timely customer focused process that maximises income raised and the proportion collected

The target from the RIE was for the FAB Team to contact the person or their financial agent within 3 working days of receipt of the referral. In the first eleven weeks since go live, we have made contact with over 50% of people in 3 days, (80% of people have had some sort of contact – messages left on answer phones to call back or letters sent where we were unable to reach them.) The 3 day target was always going to be a challenge but the volume of referrals has made the 3 day target particularly difficult to achieve.

Where we have been successful in visiting people we are telling most people in advance of service provision how much they will have to contribute towards their support and of those most are receiving an invoice within the first month of service provision. A sample check of accounts raised under the new process indicates that all but 2 have paid, 1 account is already in the dunning process and 1 account is in dispute. From April, we plan to report on the volume of financial assessments that are completed in advance of the service being provided.

### ii. Increase in Benefit take-up

116 people have been identified as having a benefit entitlement not in payment since the new process. All have been offered or given support to make a claim. We are reviewing claim outcomes and reassessing charges where applicable. The average time to process a claim, depending on the benefit, is currently between 6 - 10 weeks. We will be able to give a more detailed analysis of the impact of benefit take-up at the next meeting of the Select Committee.

# iii. A process that is right first time, responsive and flexible to the changing requirements and needs of service users.

FAB Teams are having quality conversations around charging and benefit take up. Everyone is given the opportunity to meet with an adviser face to face or have a telephone assessment. Flexible options such as, meeting out of county relatives when they next visit, using locality offices for joint meetings with care practitioners and early evening telephone assessments have been taken up.

However, we have received around 100 referrals from hospital teams and have not been able to have 'the paying care conversation' or undertake a financial assessment for this client group. A presence in the acute hospitals would allow us to give quality information and advice up-front around charging and the ability to give the person an indication on what they may expect to pay pending a home visit upon discharge. We are exploring how we can resource this service going forward.

# iv. Appropriate indicators are in place to measure performance and enable a proactive approach to removing bottlenecks and issues

The FAB Teams have a number of performance measures following the RIE.

From April 2014 we propose reporting on two key measures:

- 1. To timeliness of assessments i.e. the % of assessments completed in advance of service provision
- 2. The impact of benefit take-up

# v. Introduce process ownership with clearly defined roles and responsibilities throughout the process to reduce hand-offs

Robust written processes are in place and regular meetings arranged between FAB and Credit Control.

### 4. Accounts Receivable

The management aim has been to reduce unsecured care debt by £1m this financial year. The starting point was £6.89m (unsecured blocked (reasons identified) + unsecured not blocked + legal as at 1 April = 2 + 2g = 3 on the table above). At the end of January the figure was £5.89m, and it is expected that the target will be achieved.

We are reviewing tasks that support the AR process including online payments, reporting, printing and dispatch of invoices and statements. We anticipate resource savings in staff time and would like to use the additional hours to boost our current debt recovery team.

We are expecting a further reduction in debt when the assessment RIE improvements have bedded in. The speedy assessment process will reduce the value of retrospective charges and should result in more bills being paid on time.

### **Conclusions:**

5. Unsecured debt outstanding has fallen over the year to date in the context of increased income collection, and it is expected that further improvements will result from the actions rolled out from November following the Rapid Improvement Event.

### **Recommendations:**

6. It is recommended that members note the current position, and continue to receive six monthly reports in 2014/15.

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### Report contact:

Paul Carey-Kent, Strategic Finance Manager, Adult Social Care, Public Health & Fire, Finance (Business Services)

Contact details 0208 541 8536

### APPENDIX 1: AUDIT MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN

Para Ref	Recommendation	Priority Rating	Management Action Proposed	Timescale for Action	Officer Responsible	Audit Agree?
5.13	Reporting on Social Care Debt to the ASC Select Committee must include a regular update on credit balances and reported balances should be gross.	Medium	Monthly reporting to Process Management Meetings and to future Adult Social Care Committees	Effective immediately - done	Paul Carey- Kent/Jackie Knutton	Yes
5.14	It is essential that the Personal Care and Support and ASC Finance teams work together to produce consistent guidance for managing credit balances which includes a clear escalation process for cases where the next of kin or beneficiaries cannot be traced.	Medium	Clarification of requirements with Legal Services, then guidance to be issued Procedure for dealing with credit balances in the Locality Teams is in draft and will be signed off by end of March 2014. Procedure within Credit Management has been implemented.	Aim to complete by April 2014.	Paul Carey- Kent/Jackie Knutton	Yes.
Para Ref	Recommendation	Priority Rating	Management Action Proposed	Timescale for Action	Officer Responsible	Audit Agree?
5.15	If after reasonable efforts have been made it has not been possible to trace the next of kin or executors individual balances less than or equal to £500 should be transferred to the home's welfare fund or budget for the benefit of all people who use that service with detailed notes to evidence the transfer. In the case of pension collect and client accounts the balances should be	Medium	Incorporate in guidance as at (5.14) above. Approval for transfer to welfare accounts being sought.	Aim to complete by April 2014	Paul Carey- Kent/Jackie Knutton	Yes

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	written back with full explanatory notes.					
5.16	Where the deceased died without a will or any living relatives individual balances over £500 should be referred to TSoL.	Medium	To be covered in new SAP balances guidance procedures.	31/01/2014	Jackie Knutton	Yes
	(Refer to TSoL guidance on Referring Estates to The Treasury Solicitor.)		Procedure within Credit Management has been implemented.			
5.17	A systematic approach should be adopted to manage deceased client credit balances. All material balances including those in the suspense account must be investigated proportionately and corrective action taken.	High	Incorporate in guidance as at (5.14) above.	Aim to complete by April 2014	Paul Carey- Kent/Jackie Knutton / Toni Carney	Yes

Para	Recommendation	Priority	Management Action Proposed	Timescale for	Officer Responsible	Audit
Ref		Rating		Action		Agree?
5.18	Full explanatory notes and copies of correspondence should be recorded on AIS or WISDOM as appropriate.	High	Incorporate in guidance as at (5.14) above.	Aim to complete by April 2014	Paul Carey- Kent/Jackie Knutton / Toni Carney	Yes
5.24	Job descriptions should be updated or re-circulated as appropriate to reflect responsibilities with regard to managing credit balances.	Medium	Address as far as possible within current RIE and sourcing review processes.	Aim to complete by April 2014	David Sargeant	Yes
5.27	Responsibility for collecting and			Aim to	David Sargeant	Yes



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reviewing the next of kin information should be clearly assigned to a service area and reviewed as part of the client's	Medium	The guidance will define which specific team will collect the next of kin information.	complete by April 2014	
annual care review. No client should exist in AIS who does not have next of kin data. Where there is no next of kin a note should be made to record this.		Recording Guidance and Best Practice procedure for front-line staff in PC&S includes the instruction for practitioners to record next of kin in AIS and to keep this up to date on open cases. This will be issued to all front-line staff by the end of February 2014.		

### **APPENDIX 2 Debt Benchmarking Data**

In September members asked to be updated on what benchmarking data is available on social care debt.

CIPFA, the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accounting, run a number of benchmarking clubs. These clubs are voluntary for Local Authorities to participate in.

One such club is the Financial Assessment Benchmarking Club, within which some indicators on 'Collection Performance' are recorded. 28 authorities participate in this club.

	Residential			Non	-residentia	al
	£'000	% Ann. charge	Avg	£'000	% Ann. charge	Avg
ebt brought forward 1/4/12	16,033	46%	37%	1,024	26%	19%
harges assessed*	34,970	100%	100%	3,989	100%	100%
Collected* Vritten off*	33,535 421	96% 1.2%	96% 1.3%	3,832	96% 0.7%	95% 1.5%
ut-standing 31/3/13	17,046	49%	39%	1,155	29%	25%
ncome secured included	na	na	15%	na	na	1%
ncome secured not included	na	na	6%	na	na	na

#### COLLECTION PERFORMANCE

This table gives the reported summary for Surrey County Council, with proportions compared to the average of the 28 responding Authorities.

In the table where 'na' is indicated, the data was not provided by the LA.

# **Collection Performance: Residential**

The graphs below indicate the performance of Surrey County Council (black bar) compared to responding authorities.

		This is the amount collected by the authority. Amounts around 100% would indicate a 'steady state' e.g. the value of the amounts collected are equivalent to the amounts raised. It's likely that Authorities with higher than 100% collected outstanding debt from past years in this collection period	Annex A Collection Performance: Non-Residential The graphs below indicate the performance of Surrey County Council (black bar) compared to responding authorities.
5.( 4.( 3.( 2.( 1.(	Amount written off Amount written off Amount written off Amount written off	as a proportion of debts raised. The data suggests SCC are right on the average debt write off levels at c1% in the last year	
20	0% Debt out-standing	This is the total debt outstanding as a proportion of debt raised. Whilst slightly	
15	0% -	above the average for responders, the collection	
5	0% - 0% - 0% -	performance table indicates a slight increase in debt outstanding when compared to the previous year This is consistent with a year on year increase in the secured debt, raised, but not yet collectable against property.	

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		This is the amount collected by	Annex A
	Amount collected	the authority.	
120% -		Again, amounts around 100%	Recovery Action
100%		would indicate a 'steady state'	Recovery action measures the effectiveness of
80% -		Whilst more or less on the	formal actions taken to recover unpaid debt.
60% -		average for responding Local	
		Authorities, the reported	RECOVERY ACTION Claims to court in last 12 months % Claims successful
40% -		amount of residential debt rose	Claims to court in last 12 months         100%           Total         Success         % Avg           Claims to court         14         12         86%         57%
20% -		in the year by £131k.	Claims to court 14 12 00% 37%
0%			40% -
			20%
		This is the amount written off	Compared to responders, Surrey CC compares well
10.0% T	Amount written off	as a proportion of debts raised.	to the average recovery action success rate with
		The data suggests SCC are	86% of actions being successful (12 out of 14 reported).
8.0% -		below the average debt write	
6.0% -		off levels at 0.7%	Payment by Direct Debits
Repairing a second			Direct Debit is a cost offective way of billing for acciel
4.0% -			Direct Debit is a cost effective way of billing for social care debts, putting Surrey in control of the amounts
2.0% -			and frequency of billing.
£10 /0	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		
0.0%			
150% ]	Debt out-standing	This is the total debt	
		outstanding as a proportion of	
		debt raised. Surrey CC has	
100% -		one of the highest levels of outstanding non-residential	
		debt as a proportion of debts	
50% -		raised.	
-			
0%			

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#### DIRECT DEBIT

Number of service users paying by Direct Debit

#### 100% Residential 80% Non-residential 70% 80% 60% 50% 60% 40% 40% 30% 20% 20% 10% 0% 0% Paying by Direct Debit Ave Residential 25.7% 67.8% Non-residential 61.9% 24.4%

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Compared to the responding averages of 25.7% and 24.4%, Surrey has a greater proportion of service users paying by Direct Debit of 67.8% and non-residential debt volumes of 61.9%.

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